

Państwo i społeczeństwo

If voting changed anything, they'd make it illegal.

Emma Goldman (1869–1940), anarchist

SPRAWDŹ, ILE JUŻ UMIESZ

1 Przeczytaj nagłówki poniżej. W parach wymieńcie jak najwięcej wyrazów z każdej kategorii.

- People in politics
Prime Minister
- Social problems
homelessness
- Crimes
robbery
- Justice
court

BANK SŁÓW, strony 222–223

STRUKTURA PAŃSTWA I URZĘDY

2 Uzupełnij tabelę wyrazami z ramki. Jeden wyraz został podany dodatkowo.

national anthem border countries capital citizen
currency flag ~~population~~ system of government

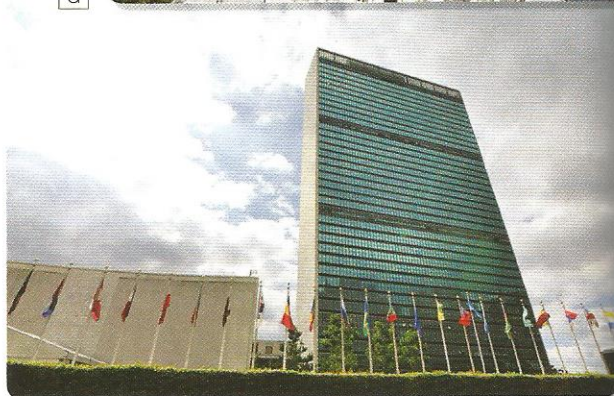
	UK	USA
1 <i>Population</i>	63 million	317 million
2	London	Washington, DC
3	<i>God Save the Queen/King</i>	<i>The Star-Spangled Banner</i>
4	 the Union Jack	 'Stars and Stripes'
5	constitutional monarchy	federal democracy
6	British pound	US dollar
7	Ireland	Canada and Mexico

3 W parach zadajcie sobie pytania o analogiczne informacje o Polsce, tak jak w przykładzie.

What's the population of Poland?

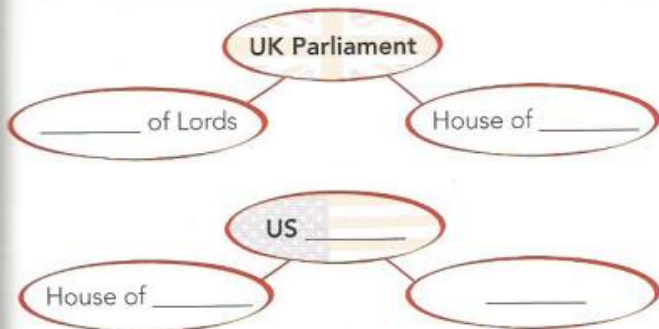
4 Dopasuj zdjęcia do podpisów.

- The United Nations building in New York
- The US Capitol in Washington
- The European Parliament building in Strasbourg
- The Houses of Parliament in London



- 5 Uzupełnij nazwy ciał prawodawczych w Wielkiej Brytanii i USA wyrazami z ramki. Jeden wyraz został podany dodatkowo. Następnie zbuduj zdania jak w przykładzie.

[Commons Cabinet Congress House Senate Representatives]



The _____ consists of two houses: the _____ and the _____.

- 6 Wybierz właściwy wyraz.

FAMOUS POLITICAL FIGURES



DID YOU KNOW...?

- 1 Thomas Willet became the first *Mayor / President* of New York in the year 1665.
- 2 In 1776 Benjamin Franklin, writer, scientist and politician, became the United States' first *ambassador / Prime Minister* to France.
- 3 In 2009 Barack Obama became the first black *President / member* of the United States.
- 4 Ellen Wilkinson, one of the first women *Members / Ministers* of Parliament in Britain, became the *Minister / Ambassador* of Education in 1945.
- 5 Margaret Thatcher was the first and so far the only woman *Prime Minister / Mayor* of Britain.

- 7 W każdej parze zdań wybierz właściwe wyrazy.

- 1 a You need a two-thirds *majority / minority* to change the Constitution.
b In the Republic of Ireland, Poles are the largest *majority / minority*.
- 2 a *Left-wing / Right-wing* politicians often support the ideas of capitalism.
b *Left-wing / Right-wing* parties often have 'socialist' or 'social democratic' as part of their names.
- 3 a People with *conservative / liberal* views often have great respect for traditional values and institutions.
b *Conservative / Liberal* ideas include equality rights for all kinds of minorities.
- 4 a I *elected / voted* for the Labour candidate in the last election.
b In 1994, Nelson Mandela was *elected / voted* President of the Republic of South Africa.
- 5 a John is interested in *politics / politicians* and is going to study political science at university.
b It would be nice if more *politics / politicians* were truly interested in the public good.

STRUKTURA PAŃSTWA I URZĘDY – ZWROTY

- 8 Uzupełnij zdania właściwymi formami czasowników z ramki. Jeden wyraz został podany dodatkowo.

[form gain vote hold join]

- 1 The US presidential election is _____ every four years on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November.
- 2 I'd like to get involved in politics, but I don't want to _____ any of the existing parties.
- 3 After a general election, the party that has won usually _____ a government.
- 4 In the 1960 presidential election John F. Kennedy _____ the support of many African American voters by helping release Martin Luther King from prison.

- 9 Opisz system polityczny w Polsce, wykorzystując słowa z ćwiczeń 5–8. Uwzględnij poniższe punkty.

- The Parliament
- Elections
- The top government posts in the country