

**EGZAMIN SEMESTRALNY
LO I, ROK SZKOLNY 2020/2021**

PRESENT SIMPLE

1 Uzupełnij pytania oraz krótkie odpowiedzi.

1. _____ (Tom / need) a new computer? Yes, he _____.
2. _____ (you / smoke)? No, I _____.
3. _____ (they / eat out) every day? No, they _____.
4. _____ (the dog / be) dangerous? No, it _____.
5. _____ (the train / stop) in Mintown? Yes, it _____.

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

2 Uzupełnij dialog poprawną formą czasowników z poniższej ramki. Każdego czasownika możesz użyć tylko raz.

arrive	do	visit	stay	go
---------------	-----------	--------------	-------------	-----------

Brian: Alice, so what (1) _____ you _____ in July? Have you got any plans?

Alice: Yes, my parents and I (2) _____ to the country where my grandma lives. And I (3) _____ with her for a week. What about you?

Brian: I'm afraid I can't go anywhere because my cousin from Canada (4) _____ us this summer. I've never met her before.

Alice: Great! When (5) _____ she _____?

Brian: Some time in July but I don't know exactly.

PRESENT SIMPLE & PRESENT CONTINUOUS

3 Uzupełnij zdania czasownikami z nawiasów w poprawnej formie.

1. Peter and I _____ (know) each other very well.
2. The weather's terrible so we _____ (not play) today.
3. Irene _____ (not speak) any foreign languages.
4. The car _____ (make) a strange noise.
5. I _____ (not take) the bus to school.
6. Mike _____ (not stay) in hospital any more. He's at home now.
7. Peter _____ (collect) postcards.
8. Look! The cat _____ (eat) your dinner!
9. Most of my school friends _____ (listen) to rock music.
10. There's something wrong with the computer. It _____ (not work) well.

VOCABULARY

4 Do podanych zdań z kolumny A (1-5) dobierz cechy charakteru z ramki (a-j) odpowiadające poszczególnym opisom. Nie wszystkie przymiotniki powinny zostać użyte.

A

1. You can always count on Paul.
2. Sheila hardly ever smiles or laughs.
3. Ben doesn't have any friends.
4. Dave always offers to help.
5. Ken never does any work and is always tired.

a. serious	f. lonely
b. ambitious	g. cheerful
c. lazy	h. helpful
d. reliable	i. hardworking
e. unfriendly	j. untidy

1. ____ 2. ____ 3. ____ 4. ____ 5. ____

Przetłumacz na język polski następujące zdania:

- 1) The flat is fully furnished.
- 2) You have to pay the rent in advance.
- 3) She lives in the suburbs.
- 4) How much is the rent?
- 5) I never draw the curtains in my home.
- 6) Take out the rubbish, please.

Połącz czasowniki z odpowiednimi wyrażeniami, tak aby utworzyć poprawne kolokacje.

A		B	
feel	a flat	do	your bedroom
get	the rent	move	the floor
lock	at home	pay	the washing up
pay	home	tidy	in advance
share	the door	vacuum	house

Uzupełnij zdania podanymi wyrazami. Nie wszystkie słowa powinny zostać wykorzystane.

trousers dress anorak tracksuit jacket bra shoes
shirt jumper skirt slippers coat hat dungarees
socks tie uniform swimsuit T-shirt outfit trainers

1. She wore a lovely, long evening _____ and high-heeled _____ for the party.
2. Every morning he puts on his _____ and _____ and goes jogging in the park.
3. She works in a laboratory and has to wear a special _____.
4. Mum doesn't let us wear shoes in the house so we must put on our _____.
5. Sarah says skirts aren't practical so she prefers _____.
6. You should put on a _____ to protect your head from the sunshine.